THAT WAS THE SIZE OF CLAUS SPRECKELS'S CHECK.

Te Presents It to the Nevada Bank of San Francisco and It Is Cashed as an Everyday Transaction, and Says the Bank Would Honor One for \$3,000,000 More If He Drew One That Big-The Money Probably Went Into Government Bonds.

It is a nice thing to be a millionaire so many times that one can walk into a bank and check out \$1,500,000, and yet rest easy in the consciousness that the showy transaction can be repeated the next day, and the next day after that without the bookkeeper remonstrating with a little notice to the effect that the account is overdrawn. It sounds like Aladdin's lamp, says the San Francisco Examiner.

Doubtless there are several gentlemen in San Francisco who could do this if they rehearsed for the performance by consolidating their securities, but there are not many who make a habit of it. The average San Francisco paying teller would blink his eyes, make some inquiries in the back office, and even if all was pronounced regular he would stutter when he inquired, "Notes or gold, sir?" of the gentleman presenting a check for \$1,500,000.

Those were the figures on the check drawn by Claus Spreckels, the sugar king, on the Nevada bank last Friday, when clearing house transactions were swollen to considerably over high-water mark.

Nobody questioned Mr. Spreckles's financial right to draw such a check or the bank's ability to cash it, but nevertheless it caused more of a flurry in banking and financial circles than has been experienced in several years. The Pacific and People's bank collapses were not unexpected, and were mere ripples on the fact of the money ocean compared with the waves of talk the big check provoked.

From all accounts Mr. Spreckles was walking down Montgomery-st. in a reflective mood Friday morning when he was struck with the idea that he would like to have a little pocket money available in some other institution than the Nevada bank. He climbed the steps, asked for a blank check, scratched in the date seven figures, the words "Bank of California" after "Pay to," and then signed it as quietly as though he was putting his O. K. per was passed to Cashier Davidson as a

Speculation on the Check.

That is the way the story goes, and it may or may not be correct as to detail, but | the sugar trust on its own fighting ground drew his check for a million and a half of money last Priday, and the sum was transferred from the Nevada bank vaults to those of the bank of California before the close of business.

With this fact to work on everybody in every bank in town began to speculate on the sort of a transaction that could involve such a mint of money and yet be kept a secret. Theories and rumors were thicker than fog.

One young man evolved the explanation that Mr. Spreckels had been the hidden hand in the mysterious bull movement in the wheat market last summer, and that the check was intended to cover the cost of buying steadily on a falling movement. This was generally laughed at by those who knew the Spreckels's opinion of wehat. Another suggestion was that Mr. Spreckels was tired of business and intended to seek recreation in the United States sen-

This idea was scornfully repelled. Everybody claimed to know for a fact that John D. Spreckles and his brother Adolph had merely gone into politics for amusement and to see how the machine was worked in various branches of the state and municipal government, and that no member of the family had any expensive desire for

A transfer of accounts was considered the most likely theory. It was well remembered how the Anglo-California bank disagreed with Mr. Spreckles once upon a time-not so many years ago-and the latter drew out his odd pennies by checking them into another bank. He had a lot of nice new checkbooks at the time.

Instead of throwing them into the waste basket he bought a large red rubber stamp, and every time he drew a check thereafte he took this stamp and printed "Nevada bank" across that portion of the checks that read "Anglo-California bank." This did not provoke a run on the bank that was turned down, but it stood in the nature of a red reproach as long as those checkbooks lasted.

The question of Friday's big check being a similar change in strong boxes was much debated, and the effect of such a transfer was discussed in like manner.

It was this presentation of the case that induced Mr. Spreckel's to say something about his big check, which, by the way, he did not consider anything extraordinary tion, and the color is now highly fashion last evening. He was engaged in an after- able. While their pangs last dyspeptics dinner game of checkers with his son, are almost always ill natured, snappy John, when called upon, and having a little and trascible. And young women ad the worst of the game was much more in- dicted to hay fever are quite unapproachterested in the buttons on the board than able in the morning. What temper is in any matter involving a mere million and | rarely, if ever, charged up against the in the game. It is a way these millionaires | and worry blonde men are quite as viohave, this being interested in trifles, and lently vociferous as those of more somthe young man is a fair sample of his sire.

Just an Everyday Affair.

"This is a small matter of private business," he said, "and it involves no business transaction that is of interest to San Franthat matter. I have drawn many checks and, though some of them may have pos-

Some of the theories of people who con- bon to the left wing. sidered the check worth talking about were It proved to be a letter. Phillips is on suggested, but Mr. Spreckles only laughed the shady side of life and has long since

count was mentioned. "There is absolutely nothing in that, was dated Mt. Liberty, O., and read; more of my money than the California, county, O. Write soon, please, The boys bank there, too, I believe, and we have eight or nine accounts with the is now anxiously awaiting a reply. institution that will remain there."

A suggestion that the withdrawal might be an object of too many eggs in one basket was frowned upon. witadrawal. I know enough about it to woman, but I'd like to know what use you know that the Nevada would cash my check for another \$1,500,000 whether I had the money there or not, but it is there, tion of man." as I my if I want to draw a check for ;

Porackles studied the situation on the cheese board for a moment, saw a glo m of hope in a balt that broke into Ichn D.'s king row, and felt good-humored Weekly. enough to uneark a little froth on top of a suggestion of real information.

Probably Bought Government Bonds. "Suppose I went to spend a little money without the boys knowing anything about it." he said. "In that event it would be re' hasn't been opened." convenient to have a little change in some

ing pretty steadily of late. He sold out his stock in the Philadelphia refinery that inflicted such a stab on the trust, and had not reinvested the coin received from that The Shark That Took a Man and Car-This was considerable, as he freighted \$500,000 in \$20 gold pieces East when he started that refinery, and is commonly reputed to have brought back something like \$3,000,000 instead. This money has been lying idle in most part, as Mr. Spreckles has been traveling in Europe for pleasure only

Coming down to the subject of the transfer again he said significantly that it might be that he had concluded to invest some of this idle money in government bonds. This apparently solved the apparent mystery without any further exploration. The Bank of California has been a purchaser of the new issue of United States bonds to the

extent of \$1,800,000. If \$1,500,000 of these bonds were bought to Mr. Spreckles's order the necessity or occasion for his moving that amount of money around the corner and down the street one block is plainly apparent With these hints Mr. Spreckles returned

to his game of checkers, dismissing the subject as unworthy of further talk. ONE LANGUAGE FOR MEDICINE.

An Italian Suggests That Latin Be Used in All Countries.

Decidedly the question of a universal language of medicine is in the air. During the last few months, says the British Medical Journal, we have had occasion to refer to several proposals of the kind. Now comes another, this time from Italy. Dr. E. Vitali of Bari has addressed a long letter to the Italian minister of public instruction. Dr. Bacelli, inviting him, as the annals of heroism. president of the international medical congress, to propose to the organizing committee that Latin be recognized as one of the official languages at the next (Mos- a steamer. All were drowned except the language at all future congresses, beginning with the fourth from the one held this year in Rome. Dr. Vitali's argument is briefly that, while all medical men have some smattering of Latin, comparatively few know any modern language but their own. Very few understand all the languages used at congresses, which hence serve to give an idea of the Tower of Babel, as far as confusion of tongues is their dories and nearly starved to death concerned. However bad may be the Latin spoken, it will always. Dr. Vitali picked up by out-going steamers. The maintains, be more intelligible than any one modern language to the largest number, and that, after all, is the main point. For any one really in earnest in the matter there need be no difficulty in acquiring sufficient fluency in Latin for the purpose in view.

Dr. Bacelli has sent a diplomatic reply to Dr. Vitali's communication, in which he promises to give the subject proper consideration, etc. There, so far as we know, the matter rests; and there, we imagine, It tionably many advantages in the revival of | in a fully equipped whale boat, was obon a cigar bill. The portentous slip of pa- Latin as the lingue franca of science, nor does the scheme involve any insuperable matter of form and the president was also difficulties. In an interesting article in notified. The latter official did not trouble Temple Bar for August it is stated that rope caught about the foot of the harhimself to leave his office, but merely sent the celebrated Dr. Bozzi Granville, when pooner, and in a second he was gone. The out word that it was all right, and Mr. he wished to enter the English navy, had accident took place before the entire crew, ulty about his examination as would be attended to, resumed his walk Haslar, as none of the medical staff spoke

any European language but his own, At the suggestion of the surgeon of the Rayen, whose communications with his assistant had been carried on in Latin, that | for authentic instances of large sharks delanguage was employed; the Italian doctor

passed triumphantly. Dr. Vitali does not refer to one practical difficulty, namely the diversity of pronunciation used in different countries. There is a story which may well be true of a British ecclesiastic who made a speech in Latin to the pope, to which the holy father excused himself from replying on the plea | the coast which had on sevral occasions that he did not understand English. Spaniard's Latin is absolutely unintelligible to the uninitiated, and a Frenchman's is not easy to follow when he quotes Virgil.

Are Bruacttes Quick Tempered? Physiology is a somewhat grewsom science, but it is full of fascinating side issues, says the New York Press, Closely allied, as it is, to psychology it supplies the data for the solution of many prob lems of temperament and character. The reason for differences of temper in individuals might have been laid to racial peculiarities or hereditary family influences were it not that certain scientific gentlemen assure us that the color of the hair and the eyes and the texture of the skin account for many divergen ies. This claim is worth examining Must a girl be phlegmatic because she is a blonde? Shall a woman watch and guard herself against abnormal irritabil-

ity because her hair and eyes are black and her complexion matches better with bronze powder than with pink? Bad temper is certainly a fault, and romantic love is often, but by no means always based upon personal attributes The poets seem to have it that fair women are the sweet apples and dark women the crab apples on the tree or femininity; and recommend each man to pluck as suits his taste, for the amiably sweet or the agreeably bitter. Poets are usually lacking in common sense, however, and the thoughtful man will hesi tate to accept this characterization as final. Cleopatra, who was a brunette

showed many evidences of quick fero-

city; but then Catherine of Russia, who was a blonde, is reported to have had a very bad temper indeed. Probably bad temper is not the result of the coloring matter of the hair or the cuticle, but results from an infirmity of organization. Sensitive, high strung people are notoriously irritable. Red haired girls with freckles are currently understood to be of doubtful dispositions; although some of the noblest women o history have answered to this descripa half. John D., too, was deeply interested | complexion of men. Under stress of care

Nothing could be clearer than that a serious injustice has been done to brunettes by this popular prejudice.

An Enterprising Buckeye Girl.

A Bleecker-st. market received a con signment of dressed fowls from Ohio a few for amounts as large or larger than that, days ago, and among those who purchased from the stock was Samuel Phillips, an sessed some business significance, they have employe of Rogers, Peet & Co., who has not attracted any great amount of atten- | batchelor apartments at 224 W. Fourth What is the matter with this one, st. He bought a luscious duck for Sunwhich does not involve any deals or turns | day dinner. While preparing the bird for or anything of interest in the business the roasting pan his attention was directed to a sheet of paper tied with a dainty rib-

until the matter of a transfer of his ac- departed from the stage of love-making, so he gave the note to a young friend. It The Nevada bank paid my check for "Dear Friend-I will write you a letter \$1,500,000 Friday, and it would cash another and let you know that I am going to

one for a similar amount tomorrow morn- pick ducks tomorrow at my neighbor's. I ing and another one of the same size in was fifteen years old the last day of Authe afternoon, if I had occasion to draw gust, and weighed 105% pounds, and 5 be forded, and when a horse enters a wine, tham. If I thought it would not there feet 2 inches tall. I have got light blue might be some ground for the talk of a eyes, light hair, and light complexion. I transfer of account, but the bank was am a farmer's daughter, the eldest of the never in better condition to pay a check, children. When you write direct to Miss and the fact is that the Nevada still holds Gerirude Cochran, Mt. Liberty, Knox The young man, who answered the letter.

Both at Work.

Mrs. Strongmind-"Here I'm working "No the bank has nothing to do with the night and day for the advancement of are in the world." Mr. S .- "I am working for the emancipa-

"Eh? How?" "I am trying to make cotton cheaper." "The idea! What for?" "So that even the poorest man can afford enough to stop his ears with."-N. Y. The woman whose pride is well rounded

Reputation Saved.

Dealer-"Where are you going now?" Driver-"To take this barrel of apples around to Mr. Brickrow's," "Good lands! You'll ruin me. That bar-"Do you want it opened, sir?" "Of course, you dunce. If we leave him

A HARPOONER'S SAD END.

ried Him Off.

If the fatalities of the sea that could be traced directly and indirectly to marine animals could be collected every year they would make not only interesting but startling reading. In the really Pacific waters of the western ocean we have but little idea of the dangers of the sea, but a stroll through the New England towns of Gloucester, Marblehead, Swampscott and others will show them to have an extraordinary number of widows in proportion to the

This is particularly true of Gloucester, where the widows and orphans of fishermen make a small army. The fishermen were all lost on the Grand Banks or the Georges Banks of the cod fisheries. They were either run down by ocean steamers that go over the banks at full speed, often hitting the vessels in the fog, or the frail schooners were destroyed in the terrific gales that sweep over the country.

It may be of interest to glance at the yearly loss of men who lose their lives in the effort to provide the country with salt cod. From 1830 to 1881, 2,249 were drowned from cod fishermen-leaving 1,800 widows and between 4,000 and 5,000 orphans, not to speak of other persons dependent upon them. The loss in insurance during this time was about \$1,500,000, and the number of vessels lost, 419-a remarkable showing for a single line of business. The loss of these 2,000 or more men means a recital of incidents that can not be equaled in

The writer knows of one vessel that was lying at anchor with all hands below except the watch, that was struck down by cow) congress, and as the sole official man at the wheel, who drifted twenty-four hours before he was picked up. Another schooner was sailing in the fog when she was suddenly capsized by a steamer that rolled her completely over, the men dropping out of their hammocks to the ceiling and then to the floor as she quickly righted. The man at the wheel was lashed and was found half-drowned.

> Many men have been lost in the fog in before they were found, while others are scene when the fishing fleet returns after great losses is described as heartrending. Then there is always the uncertainty, many men having been picked up and carried to

foreign countries. The losses from the whaling fleets ar not so great as formerly, but thirty years ago they were very noticeable, often amounting to several hundred men in a year. The vessels are sometimes crushed in the ice or a whale kills the men by demolishing the boat. A remarkable acci is likely to rest. There would be unques- | dent occurred some years ago, which, while served only by one man. The whale had been struck, and was sounding at a terrific rate of speed, when in some way a coil of but was so suddenly accomplished that but

> te man saw the disappearance Many fatalities of the sea are laid to the sharks, but accidents from this source are comparatively rare. In a diligent search vouring men, I found but two that could be attested to. One was a man whose famfly I knew, and the instance is well known and remarkable for the ferocity displayed by the fish. In 1874 I was fishing off the Isles of Shoals with a cod fisherman, who told me that when his father was a young man there was a large shark that infested attempted to tip over boats and dine on the occupants, and once or twice the young man had been driven ashore by it. The date corresponded within a month with that of a tragedy which occurred about thirty miles south, or at Lynn, and which was undoubtedly caused by the same fish. A well-known citizen of Lynn went out with a fishing party, and after a short time left the schooner, taking a small dory, which he anchored not a thousand feet from the vessel. Suddenly he was heard to shout, and those on the vessel distinctly saw a huge shark throw itself over the dory and sink it, making off with the un-

> fortunate man, whose cries for aid were of no avail. The other case was that of a sailor on the Mediterranean, who left the vessel to take a swim in the sea. A shark was seen swimming toward him by some of the crew, who started to row out to meet the swimmer; but before they reached the spot the shark had seized him and cut him in

> The little shark or dog-fish of the New England coast has not a very savory reputation in these waters. I have seen them in such schools that it was imposible to throw a line over without their biting it. They appeared to be starving, and on one occasion bit a sail into shreds that was

hanging overboard. The ravenous fish appear so suddenly that I recall one day one could not be seen in that portion of the coast, and the next day the fishermen all gave up their regular fighing and devoted themselves to dog-fishing, bringing the fish in by the

boat load. At such times it is extremely dangerous to fall overboard, and numerous fatalities point to the conclusion that these little sharks are as dangerous as a man-eater. On one occasion some children were playing about the deck of a schooner, when one fe'l overboard, and by the time the crew reached the side the body was surrounded by a living ball of dog-fishes and torn in pieces. A fisherman, having left his dory anchored in a cove during a run of these fish swam out to it and was caught by them and killed in sight of his friends on the beach, who could not aid

So insignificant a thing as a shell would not be believed to be a menace to human life, yet several shells have earned reputations as mantraps. Among these is the great clam that is often seen about residences in the suburbs of San Francisco. This mollusk lies deeply buried in the coral rock and partly open the protruding arting reseale by 4 sea anerothe when touched by the hand, fest or any object. toget er comes the shells, each valve open weighing 200 pounds, and the victim is held and not released until the shell is cut out. In this way natives have been imprisoned at low tide and drowned as the waters rose.

The ordinary abalone, common on this coast, has often trapped Chinamen by extching their fingers, and several instances of death from this cause has been reported.

On the New England coast, near Plymouth, a large clam known as the quohaug is sometimes exposed; and, while it does

fish known as picana that has a very 2.95; rye flour, dull; sales, 150 bris; unenviable reputation. It is dreaded by superfiline, \$2.55@2.75; fancy, \$2.80@3; buckman and beast, as what it lacks in size it wheat flour, quiet, \$1.80@1.90; buckwheat, makes up in numbers. Many of the rivers | dull, 5214@59. Commeal-Quiet; sales, 300 in the country where it is found have to bris.; yellow western, \$1.16201.18; Brandystream it is frequently attacked by these boat loads, 56@58c. Barley-Nominally animal, biting small bits of flesh from it. | bu; exports none; sales, 590,000 bu futures, Instances are known where the natives have been devoured by them.

In tropical waters the shark is by no means the only predatory fish. Lurking | 68%c delivered; No. 1 hard, 70%c delivered; on every reef and in the blue channels that cut their way among the islands is the southern barracuda; something like its Pacific ally in appearance; but four or five times as large and very bulky, with teeth like knives. This fish is a menace, and has often been known to attack swimmers and reports are current of instances where people have been maimed and almost killed

by them.-San Francisco Call. "It's an Ill Wind," Etc.

Exclaims to her self deeply, "Rats!" For the fashion in sleeves makes her look just the same

Before renewing your subscription read | spot; spot dull; No. 2, 334@33%c; No. 2 After this sally Mr. Spreckles explained to do it himself he may open it at the our offer on page 5. Read every word | delivered, 344-62446; No. 2, 334-6933%c; No. 2 hogs occurred today. The demand was that his banked funds had been accumulate wrong end.—N. Y Week'y.

Of course, you dumb. If we leave nine Before renewing your subscription read | spot, spot dull; No. 2, 334-6933%c; No. 2 No important change in the price of that his banked funds had been accumulate wrong end.—N. Y Week'y.

Of course, you dumb. If we leave nine Before renewing your subscription read | spot, spot dull; No. 2, 334-6933%c; No. 2 No important change in the price of that his banked funds had been accumulate wrong end.—N. Y Week'y.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.-The last session of the board previous to the Christmas ad- Pacific coast, old, 3% CIC; new, 8% 12c. journment passed without violent change in Hides-Firmer; wet zelted New Orleans the previous prices of any important specu- | selected, 45 to 65 lbs, 44@5c; Buenos lative commodity. Wheat gained 1/3c and | Ayres dry, 20 to 24 lbs, 12c; Texas dry, 24 everything else lost a similar triffe as com-box sole Buenos Ayres light to heavy pared with yesterday's closing values.

Further than the small fractional improvement, due to some favorable figures regard- | Beef-Quiet; family, \$18@20; beef hams, ing the week's movement of the wheat \$17; city extra India mess, \$16@18. Cut crops of the world, today's short session in Meats-Steady; pickled bellies, 5% @6%c; so far as the wheat market is concerned, 8@8%c. Lard-Western steam might have been thrown in with the other at \$7.10, nominal; city, 6%c; Decem-Christmas holidays.

at one time, but there were too many sel- western dairy, 10@16c; do creamery, 15 lers at that to permit of much being dis- @24c; factory, 914@15c; Elgins, 24c; imitaposed of. It closed at 581/sc. Corn was oppressed by heavy receipts for | 20c; do creamery, 16@22c. Cheese-Quiet; more liberal concessions in the price than skims, 31/2@9c; full skims, 2@3c. Eggswere previously necessary. The day's receipts were 404 cars, and for Monday 500 house, 16@18c; recepits, 3,184 packages; cars are estimated. The East is getting western fresh, 19@21c; southern, 18@20c. supplies from Ohio, Tennessee and else- Tallow-Firm; city, 4%c; country, 4%c where to a sufficiently liberal extent to Pertoleum-Nominal; united closed, 95c make them independent of Chicago in the bid: Washington, barrels. \$6: do in bulk, meantime. The sales made earlier by Illi- \$3.50; refined New York, \$5.70; Philadelphia nois shippers of corn to arrive on a basis and Baltimore, \$5.65; do in bulk, \$3.15 of 40c to farmers, is now coming into the Rosin-Quiet; strained common to good, possession of the purchasers and the latter \$1.30@1.40. Turpentine-Quiet at 27%@ have no use for it. Sample corn suffered a further decline of from 1c to 1½c per bushel. May corn opened at from 48c to Dull; New Orleans open kettle, good to 47%c, closing with buyers at 48c.

lasting over from the tone of the market during the last few days, was to decline, and partly in sympathy with corn, lower prices were scored. May sold from 31%c to 31%c down to 31%c and closed at 311/2c. The provision prices did not change much, but such alteration as there was went to the credit of those who were short. The decline was 21/2c in each of three speculative

Oats were quiet. The natural tendency,

The leading futures ranged as follows: 45 451/4 451/4 451/4 481/8 481/4 Dec 47% ******** Oats, No. 2-29 2914 29 3114 31% 31% Dec May Mess pork, per bri-Lard, per 100 lbs-Jan 6 72½ 6 75 6 72½ 6 75 7 00 7 02½ 6 97½ 7 00

Short rib sides, per 100 lbs—

Jan 577½ 5 80 5 77½ 5 80

May 6 02½ 6 05 6 02½ 6 02½ Cash quotations were as follows: Flour. Cash quotatiors were as Inflows: Flour.
easy; No. 2 spring wheat, 55@60c; No. 3
spring wheat, 55@60c; No. 2 red, 53½@54½c;
No. 2 corn, 44½c; No. 2 oats, 29½c; No. 2
white, 21c; No. 3 white, 30½c; No. 2 rye,
48c; No. 2 barley, 53½@55c; No. 3, f. o. b.,
53½c; No. 4, no sales; No. 1 flax seed, \$1.44;
prime timothy seed, \$5.50@5.56; mess pork,
per brl, \$11.62½@11.75; lard, per 100 lbs, \$6.75;
phort rib sides (loose) \$5.80%6.85; dry salted short rib sides (loose), \$5.80\(6.86\); dry salted shoulders (boxed). \$6.05.12\(4.66\); short clear sides (boxed). \$6.12\(4.66\); whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal, \$1.23; sugars un-Receipts. Shipments Articles. Flour, bris

5,000 Wheat, bu 3.000 129,000 59,000 Barley, bu On the produce exchange today the butter market was steady; creamery, 12@23c

dairy, 11@19c. Eggs-Steady at 18@19c. INDIANAPOLIS, IND.,

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 22. J. E. Berry's Chicago advices say: No material change has taken place since our view of the situation Saturday last. The walting attitude of the trade, pending development with the incoming New Year, is more than usual as this season of the year. Owing to the unsettled condition of the commercial world in general and the apathetic condition of the market makes it very difficult to trade in. We don't look for much of any reaction till after the holidays. Nothing but indifferent cables may be expected the coming week, as foreign markets generally are expected to be extremely dull. On passage wheat decreased 2,000,000 bushels, owing principally to lighter shipments, as our clearances aggregate 354,000 bushels, wheat and flour being 1,000,000 more than last week, showing the export inquiry has been good. Somewhat lower prices, however, have followed the withdrawal of buyers and liquidation by holders who have become discouraged because the market does not respond to what little inducement has been received from the other side, and who are anxious to even up for the holidays, consequently the depression is but a natural one, holders of this character being in the majority. The only pressing factor, however, is the heavy load thrust upon the market here by the outside markets, every bushel received being traded against as a hedge in this market, particuarly by the northwest; hence the marked falling off in primary receipts may be regarded as a favorable feature to the bulls. The large percentage of the receipts going o Minneapolis and Duluth were the stocks this week are estimated to show but an increase of 1,000,000 bushels, a very small

LOCAL GRAIN MARKET.

one in view of the light milling demand.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.,

Wheat-Quiet; No. 2 red, 511/2c bid; No. 3 red, 49c.
Corn-Weak; No. 1 white, 41c; No. 2 white,
41c; No. 3 white, 41c; No. 2 white mixed,
40½c; No. 3 white mixed, 40½c; No. 2 yellow,
40½c; No. 3 wixed, 40½c; No. 2 mixed,
40½c; No. 3 mixed,
40½c; No. 2 white,
33½c; No. 2 white,
33½c; No. 2 white,
33½c; No. 3 mixed,
30c; rejected,
29@31c.
Hay-No. 1 timothy,
43; No. 2, \$8; No. 1
prairie, \$7.50; mixed, \$7; clover,
57.
Bran-Quiet; local dealers are bidding \$12. Bran-Quiet; local dealers are bidding \$12. Rye-43c for wagon rye; No. 2, 48c. Wagon Wheat-52c bid. Wagon Corn-37@39c.

Wagon Hay-\$798 per ton. ections-Wheat, 5 cars; corn, 83 cars; oats, 1 car; hay, 3 cars.

PRODUCE MARKETS. Quotations from New York, Cincin-

nati and Elsewhere. UNION STOCK YARDS. NEW YORK, Dec. 22.-Flour-Receipts, Cattle-Receipts, 40 head; shipments, 6,600 brls.; exports, 4,500 brls.; sales, 1,000 none. The market was a little strong for pkgs.; market entirely neglected only a few | what few were on sale and all were taken small lots being worked; city mill patents, by the local butchers. We quote: \$4@4.15; winter patents, \$2.80@3.15; city not catch human beings, it has been known to entrap small animals, especially extras, \$1.90@2.40; Minnesota bakers, \$2@ Common to good stockers In South American waters there is a little | fair extra, \$1.80@2.40; good to choice, \$2.40@ | Good to choice cows Fair to medium cows Common old cows \$3.00. Rye-Nominally firm: from afar, and literally swarm about the western, 70@75c. Wheat-Receipts, 49,000 the general market ruled lower. We quote: 160,000 spot; spot dull; No. 2 red, store and elevator, 59%@60c; affoat, 61%@61c%; Feb., 61%@61%c affoat; No. 1 northern, Fair to medium sheep options were quiet during the day, but ruled higher on a 500,000 bu decrease on passage, reported big export purchases head. The hos market opened fairly active late yesterday, a 1,000,000 increase in with a fair competition, and a shade highlate yesterday, a 1,000,000 increase in Bradstreet's wheat and flour exports and quote: estimated that the Argentine crop was 20 per cent, short, closed 1/40/4s higher; No. 2 red January, 59 15-16/2600, closing at 60c; February closed at 60%c; March, 61%0 61%c, closing at 61%c; May, 521/40/61 7-16c, Common lights dusing at 62%c; June, 625-16@62%c, closing at 62%c; July closed at 62%c. Corn-There is no market temorrow. Receipts, 23,400 bu; exports, 3,000 bu; CHICAGO, Dec. 22.-A few hundred head sales, 390,000 bu futures, 32,000 bu spot; of butchers' and canners' stock and lean spot dull; No. 2, 51%c; steamer mixed, 49c the yards today. elevator, 50c delivered; No. 3, 481/2c elevator; options weak and lower under big

35%c, closed 35%c; Dec. closed 33%c. Hay—Dull; shipping, 506955c; good to choice, 60@75c. Hops—Dull; stats, common to choice, old, 3@7c; nsw, 6@12c; Pacific coast, old, 3%@4c; nsw, 8@12c. Pacific coast, old, 3%@4c; nsw, 8@12c. Hides—Firmer; wet asked New Orisans weights, 141/2014%c. Wool-Steady; mestic fleece, 17@33c; pulled, pickled shoulders, 5c; pickled hams, ber closed \$7.10. nominal; refined, shipments, 200. Buyers refused for a long time to advance | duil; continent, \$7.55; South America, \$7.80; their bids. May opened at from 58c to 58@ compound, 514@512c. Pork—Dull; new mess, \$13.00@13.50; family, \$12.00@12.50; 58%c. There was an improvement to 58%c short celar, \$14.00@16.50. Butter-Steady; tion creamery, 12@18c; state dairy, 10@ which there was no market except at still state large, 9@11%c; small, 9%@12c; part be observed as a general holiday, and no 4814c, sold as high as 4814c and as low as choice, 29@37c. Oranges-Quiet; fancy, \$1.75@2.00; others, 75c@1.75, Pig Iron -Weak; Scotch, \$19 @ 20; American, \$9.50@13. Copper-Strong: brokers price, 9%c. Lead-Dull; brokers price, \$3. Tinplates-Dull. Cottonseed Oil-Quiet; prime crude, 24@241/2c; off crude, 22@23c; yellow butter grades, 30@31c; choice yellow, 33c nominal; prime yellow, 281/2@29c; yellow off grades, 271/2@28c; prime white, 31@32c nominal. Coffee-Options opened irregular at 10 points decline to 5 points advance, ruled steadier on local covering and scarcity of sellers, closed steady at net unchanged to 5 points advance; sales, 14,500 bags, in cluding Dec., 13.95@14.05c; Jan., 13.55c; March, 12.85@12.90c; May, 12.50@12.65c; Rio, quiet; No. 7, 15½c nominal; mild, quiet; Cordova, 184@19c; sales, none; Santos, quiet; good average Santos, 13c, \$4; receipts, 24,000 bags; stock, 377,000 bags; Hamburg, quiet; prices unchanged to %pfg. higher; sales, 11,000 bags; Havre opened irregular; Dec., 11/2f lower; others unchanged; at 12 m. close irregular, Dec. %f advance; others 144f from opening; total sales, 10,000 bags; Rio quiet; No. 7, Rio, 12c, \$800; exchange, 1042d; receipts, 7,000 bags; cleared for the United States, 4,000 bags; cleared for Europe none; stock, 202,-000 bags; cable corrects yesterday's Rio receipts as 5,000 instead of 21,000 bags; warehouse deliveries from New York yesterday, 18,393 bags; New York stock today, 228,192 bags; United States stock, 256,364 bags; afloat for the United States, 286,000 bags; total visible supply for the United States, 542,364 bags, against 442,-325 bags last year. Sugar-Raw dull; fair refining, 2%@2%c; centrifugal, 31/4c; sales none; refined quiet; No. 6, 31/4 @3 9-16c; No. 7, 3 5-16@31/4c; No. 8, 31/4@ 3 7-16c; No. 9. 3 3-16@3%c; No. 10, 3%@ 3 5-16c; No. 11, 3 1-16@3¼c; No. 12, 3@ 3 3-16c; No. 13, 2 15-16c; mold A, 4¼c; con-4 1-16@41/4 LIVERPOOL, Dec. 23.-11:30-Wheat-Spot quiet; demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 4s 9d; No. 2 red spring, stocks exhausted; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 5d; No. 1 California, 5s 2d; futures closed steady and unchanged to 1 farthing lower; business

fectioners' A, 311-16@3%c; powdered, price of tierces. 41-16@4%c; granulated, 313-16@4c; cubes, 3 lbs in cases price of tierces. changed to 1 farthing lower; business about equally distributed; Dec., 4s 8½d; Jan., 4s 9d; Feb., 4s 9½d; March, 4s 9½d; April, 4s 10½d; May, 4s 10d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 4s 9½d; futures closed quiet, 2 farthings lower; business heaviest on middle positions; Dec., 4s 10d; Jan., 4s 3½d; Feb., 4s 3½d; March, 4s 3½d; April, 4s 3½d; May, 4s 4d. Flour—Dull; demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 5s 9d. Peas—Canachan, 4s 11d. Bacon—Quiet; demand poor; Cumberland cut; 28@39 lbs 32s; Sausage, etc.nand poor; Cumberland cut, 28@30 lbs, 32s; short ribs, 28 lbs, 33s 6d; long clear, light, 38@45 lbs, 32s 6d; long clear, heavy, 55 lbs, Holsteiner, 11c. Wienerwurst, 7½c. Liver sausage, 6c. Head cheese, 3c. 32s 6d; short clear backs, light, 18 lbs, 35s; short clear middles, heavy, 55 lbs, 34s; clear bellies, 14@16 lbs, 43s; shoulders, square, 12@ 18 lbs, 27s; hams, short cut, 14@16 lbs, 41s 6d. Tallow-Fine North American, nominal at 32s. Beef-India mess, 72s 65; prime mess, 60s. Pork-Prime mess, fine western, 60s; do medium, 53s 9d. Lard—Dull; prime western, 35s 9d; refined (in pails), 37s. Cheese—Quiet; demand poor; finest Ameri-can white, 59s 6d; finest American colored, 51s 6d. Butter—Finest United States, 75s; good, 60s. Turpentine-Dull; spot, 20s. Rosin—Common, 3s 9d. Cottonseed Oil— Liverpool refined, 18s 6d. Linseed Oil—2ls 3d. Petroleum—Refined, 5½s. Refrigerator Beef—Forequarters, 3%d; hind quarters, 6d. Bleaching Powders—Hard wood, f. o. b., Liverpool, 67 10s. Hops at London—(Pacific coast), £2 15s.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 22.-Flour-Dull and unchanged; receipts, 1,049; shipments, 5,121; sales, 300. Wheat—Steady; spot and month, 58%,058%; Jan., 59%,053%; Feb., 60%,060%; May, 62%,062%; steamer No. 2 red, 55%,06 56c; receipts, 24,741; stock, 1,703,741; sales 44,000; southern wheat, by sample, 57@5946 do on grade, 56@59c. Corn-Easy; spot and year, 474@474c; Jan., 474@474c; May, 514c asked; steamer mixed, 464@464c; receipts, 68,588; shipments, 42,857; stock, 1,034,70 sales, 34,000; southern white corn, 45,04514 sales, 34,00; southern white corn, 45404c; do yellow, 46540473c. Oats-Firm; No. 2 white western, 380383c; No. 2 mixed, 250 354c; receipts, 8,808; stock, 167.274. Rye-Firm; No. 2, 570574c; receipts, 2,329; stock, 36,642. Hay—Dull; prices steady; good to choice timothy, \$13013.60. Grain Freights—Steady, and appeared. Steady and unchanged, Sugar-Quiet; granulated, \$4.08 per 100 lbs. Butter and Eggs-Steady and unchanged. Cheese-

Firm and unchanged. TOLEDO, Dec. 22.-Wheat-The market was dull but steady; No. 2 red, Dec., 544c; May, 584c. Corn—Active but steady; No. 3 mixed and Dec., 444c; May, 474c; No. 3 mixed, 43c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 31c; No. 2 white, 33½c. Rye—Dull; cash, 5lc. Clover Seed—Active but steady; prime, cash and Dec., \$5.57½; Feb., \$5.62½; March, \$5.66. Receipts—Flour, 500; wheat, 163,000; corn, 29,000; oats, 1,000; clover seed, 425 bags, Shipments-Flour, 500; wheat, 1,000; corn, 57,000; clover seed, 465 bags. CINCINNATI, Dec. 22.—Flour—The market was steady. Wheat—Barely steady; No. 2 red, 54@544c; receipts, 3,000; shipments, 1,000. Corn—Dull; Nc. 2 mixed, 434c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 mixed, 324@33c. Rye—Quiet; No. 2, 55c. Pork—Barely steady at \$12.00. Lard—Strong at \$5.70@6.75. Bulk Meats— Dull at \$5.87\\(\frac{1}{2}\). Bacon—Dull at \$7.12\\(\frac{1}{2}\). Whisky—Steady; sales, 666 bris at \$1.23. Butter-Quiet, Sugar-Steady, Eggs-Dull and

lower at 15c. Cheese-Quiet, LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 24.

3 00 (p 3 50 2 00 (p 2 50 Common to good cows and calves 10 00@20 00 Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, 20 head; Fair to good lambs 2 50@3 (Hogs-Receipts, 1,207 head; shipments, 800

CHICAGO, Dec. 22 .- A few hundred head steers constituted the supply of cattle in the yards today. In expectation of a very light run for next week, there was a fair inquiry and a firm teeling. About every-As the scraggy and scrawny and passe old dame

As the scraggy and scrawny and passe old dame

Whose arms are like two base ball bats.

N. Y. Hgrall.

Subscribers, Attention:

Valor; options weak and lower under base inquiry and a firm teeling. About everything was closed out. Extra steers, 1,500 to western closing at 440%c decline; 1,650 pounds, 35,5003,75; good to extra 1,300 to 1,500 pounds, 34,2504,50; choice steers, Feb. closed 51%c; May, 52052%c, closed 1,00 to 1,20 pounds, 34,2504,50; common to 52c. Oats—Receipte, 37,200 bu; exports, 100 bu; sales, 45,000 bu. fixtures, 53,000 bu.

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31@4115c; onlinens ruled easier with corn, closing at 15c net decline; Jan., 33%,@33%c, hered to, light weights selling at \$1.3064.35 for poor to choice and sales of heavy weights being made at \$1.2064.79, with \$1.2065 4.60 the range at which most of the hogs

EAST BUFFALO, Dec. 22.-Cattle-Recepts, 65; stendy; fat heifers, \$3.25@3.20; fat butcher cowe, \$2.25@2.5). Hogs-Receipts, 11,20; mixed packers, \$4,3094.35; good to extra, \$4,4504.50.
Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, 13,000; a shade firmer; choice lambs, \$2,2503.60; extra, \$3.90 64; fair to good sheep, \$1.75@2.50; choice to fancy, \$2,6002.75 CINCINNATI, Dec. 22.-Hogs-Dull and lower at \$3.85@4.45; receipts, 2,200; shipments, 1,800. Cattle-Steady at \$2.00@4.50; receipts, 100;

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.,

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 24. But few changes occur in the local quotations today and with but few exceptions Saturday's prices prevail. Tomorrow will

quotations will be given. (The quotations given below are the selling prices of wholesale dealers.) Provisions. SMOKED MEA Kingan & Co.'s price list: SUGAR-CURED HAMA "Reliaana. th average 10% lb average 101/2 lb average lb average 10%

average 7 to quality. Boneless ham-Sugar-cured "Reliable" 9 "Indiana" 81/2

BACON. Clear sides, 40 to 60 lb average 84 Clear sides, 36 to 40 lb average Clear sides, 20 to 30 lb average Flitches, 8 to 10 lb average...... 7% PICKLED PORK. Bean pork (clear), per 200 lbs Family pork 14 50 Clear back pork 15 00 Rump pork ... 13 50
"Porter" clear brisket ... 13 00
"Hughes" clear ... 12 00
Also half bbls., 100 lbs., at half the price of the barrei, adding 50c to cover additional

cost of package Lard oil, winter strained, per gal. (bbis.), 55c; 5-gal, cans, 3 in case, 60c. Lard-Kettle lendered, in tierces, 8%c; Lard-Kettle lendered, in tierces, 8%c; "Reliable" brand, 8%c; "Indiana" brand, 7%c; also in tubs, 55 lbs net, %c, and tubs, 50 lbs., 4c over tierces.

Cans-Gross weights-50 lbs in single cases or cases of 2 cans, %c advance on price of theres.
20 los in cases of 4 cans, %c advance on 10 lbs in cases of 6 cans, %c advance on 5 lbs in cases of 12 cans, %c advance on

3 lbs in cases of 20 cans, 1c advance on FRESH PCRK. Loins (short cut), 14 to 20 lbs., 7c; short cut, 13 lbs and under, 7½c; 9 lbs, 8c. Ham butts or pork roasts Tenderloins Spare tibs Trimmings 34/2
Hocks 4/2
Small bones 24/2
Shoulder bones 34/2 Fresh pork sausage, in link
Fresh pork sausage, in bulk, 30-lb pail.
Smoked pork sausage.
Bologna—Cloth, 5½c; skin, 6c. Beef tongues, canvassed, 40c each. Beef tongues, plain, 35c each. Pigs feet, 2 lb packages, 1 and 2 doz in case, per lb., 8%c.

CANNED CORN BEEF. Ib cans, per dozen.....\$13 lb cans, per dozen.....lb cans, per dozen..... 14 lb cans, per dozen..... DRY SALTED MEATS. Clear bellies, 20 to 30 lb average...... Clear bellies, 16 to 18 lb average Clear backs, 20 to 30 lb average Clear backs, 12 lbs average French lacks Flitches, 8 to 10 lb average shoulders, "Reliable" brand, 1f ab average 12 lb average "Reliable" ham, inside pieces....... Knuckles.... Regular sets The Moore packing company's prices are:

Skinned Breakfast bacon, firsts Empire Sugar-cured, firsts Shoulders, 16 lb average 14 to 16 lb average Backs, 20 lb average 10 lb average Kettle lard ... 84 Pure lard Groceries.

61.75; seconds, 3-lb, \$1@1.10; spring beans, 65c; salmon, 1-lb, \$1.20@2.20; peas, sifted, \$1.85@2.25; early June, \$1.10@1.50; marrowfat, 90c@\$1.25; soaked, 70@85c; tomatoes, 3-lb, 80@324c; corn, standard, 85c@\$1.25; cream, \$1.35@1.60. Spices-Pepper, 12@14c; allspice, 12@14c; cloves, 124@15c; cassia, 10@12c; nutmeg, 75@ The following is a correct list of the rious brands of sugar sold in the Indianapolis market Cut loaf, 4.82c: Dominoes, 4.82c; powdered, 4.45c; St. granulated, 4.20c; fine granulated, 4.20c; cubes, 4.45c; XXXX powdered, 4.70c; confectioners' A. 4.0c, No. 8 Rickewood A, 3.85c; Ideal extra C, 3.76c; Phoenix, 3.95c; Empire A, 3.89c; Windsor extra C, 3.70c; No. 8 Ridgewood extra C, 5.54c; No. 10 yellow C, 3.51c; No. 13 yellow 4, 3.25; No. 14 yellow

Salt-In car lots, 95c; in small lots, \$1.05 Starch-Refined pearl, 34,63%c per lb; trator appointed and that said non-resi-champion gloss, 2 and 3-lb packages, 54,6 dent defendant is a necessary party there champion gloss, lump, 3%@4c; imported corn, 606½c. Miscellaneous - Rice, Louisiana, 406½c; coal oil, 6449104c; beans, navy, \$1.79 medium, \$1.79; marrowfats, \$2.40. Coffee—Common to good, 20@20%c; at me to choice, 22@23c; fancy, 26@27c; golden tile, 28@30%c; Java, 33@35c; Banner packages, 21%c; Arbuckle's, 21%c; Lion, 21%c; Jersey, 21%c; McLaughlin's XXXX, 21%c; Gold 21%c; McLaughlin's Band, 21%c. Corn Sirup-20@22c.

Fruits and Vegetables. Whotesale dealers' selling prices Apples-\$3.00 per barrel. Potatoes-Per bushel, 60c, Benns-Pea beans, \$2 per bushel Marrowfats-\$9.50

Red Kidney-\$2.50. Cabbage-85@90c per barrel, Onions-Barrel, \$1.50; bushel, 65c; Spanish, m per crate Oranges-\$2.50@2.75, box; barrel, \$4@4.25. Lemons-Fancy, \$4.50 per box; choice, \$300 Shellbark Hickory Nuts-\$1.25 per bushel. Grapes-Catawba, 5-lb basket, 15c. Bananas-Medium, \$1@1.25; selected, \$1.50 per bunch. New Honey-18@29c.

Celery-20530c a bunch. Cranberries-210611 per brl; \$3.50 per box. Sweet Potatics-Baltimores, \$2.0022.25 per brl; Jerseys, \$3.2560.50; Himois, \$2.5062.75. Persimmous-Logan Martins, \$1.50 per Duffy Cider-Per bri. \$1.79: per keg, \$2.75. Pineapples-\$2.50@2 per dozen.

Hides, Leatner, Tallow and Pelts. The following are shippers' buying poless: No. I green salted hides the: No. 2 mann salted hide. Sign. No. 1 calf. 7c; No. 2 calf. 54c; No. 1 tallow. Pkg. No. 2 tallow. Leuther-Oak sole. 24@27c; hemlock sole

22@256: harnes: 22@250: skirting, 30@356: fair tridie, \$60@35 per dozen; city kip, 50@356: French kip, 75c@\$1.65; city calf skins, 75c@\$1.60; French calf skins, \$1@1.50.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Produce morchants' paying prices: Butter - Fresh country, extra, 8@100;

Eggs-Per dozen, 16c.
Live Poultry-Hens, 5c per lb; spring chickens, 5%c; cocks, 2%c; turkey hens, 5c; toms, 4c; young turkeys, 10 lbs, 6c; small, 305c; ducks, ic. geese, f ander 8 lbs, ic per ib. Quails—\$1.25 per dozen. Rabbits—75c per dozen. geese, full feathered, 40c;

Selling Prices-Clover, medium, recleaned, fair to good, \$655.25; clover, recleaned, prime, \$5.2565.50; clover, mammoth, reprime. \$5.25@5.50; clover, mammoth, re-cleaned, prime, \$5.25@5.50; timothy, prime to strictly prime, \$2.50\(\pi_2.75\); blue grass, fancy, \$1.25\(\pi_1.35\); orchard grass, prime, \$1.35\(\pi_2.25\); red top, \$00\(\pi_3\$\); English blue grass, \$2.25\(\pi_2.40\). Buying Prices-Clover, from \$4.50 to \$5.00; timothy, from \$2 to \$2.50.

Tinners' Supplies.

Best brand charcoal tin, IC, 10x14, 12x12 and 14x20, \$6.0096.35; IX, 10x14, 12x12 and 14x20, \$8.0098.35; roofing tin, IC, 14x20, \$5.250 5.50; 20x23, si0.50@11; tin in pigs. 20c; in bars, 22c; iron, 27B, 3c; 27C iron, 4c; best bloom galvanized iron, 70c and 10 per cent. discount; sheet zinc, 5%c; copper bottoms, 19c; polished copper, 18c; solder, 13@14c.

Iron and Hardware. Iron-Tire and flat bar, 41,611% to 11,61% inches, \$1.40,61.60; horseshoe iron, 24,62%c; Norway, large, 4c small, 5c. Steel-Spring, 4c; horseshoe, standard orands, \$2.75,04.00, keg; nails, cut steel, \$1.15 rate; wire, \$1.25; horse nails, \$2.45,04.75. Shot-\$1.15,01.25 a sack. Powder-\$3.25 per 25-lb keg.

Wool. The following prices for wagon lots: Unwashed medium wool, 12c; unwashed coarse or braid, 10@12c; unwashed fine merino, 8@10c; tub washed, 18@21c; coarse, 16@ 18c; burry and unmerchantable, about 5c

Jobbing Prices in Flour. Flour-Low grade, \$1.75 in sacks; \$2.00 in bris; family, \$1.90@2.15 brl; straight grade, \$2@2.25 brl; fancy, \$2.20@2.40 brl; patent, \$3.6964; buckwheat flour, \$465.50, according

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By subscribing now for The Indianapolis State Sentinel for one year you are en-itled to the benefits of our great offer on page 5. Read It carefully.

A Christmas Entertainment.

A novel idea for a children's Christmas entertainment is a butterfiles' ball, writes Elisabeth Robinson Scovil in the December Ladies' Home Journal. This need not mean late hours nor expensive dresses. The boys wear tight-fitting suits of black or dark brown, the girls any pretty, fanci-13 50 ful dresses. The framework of the wings 13 00 is deftly fashioned of wire and covered with paper or the cotton crepon that comes in such vivid colors; these are spangled with gold or painted to represent the tinting of the butterfly's wings. A light yoke of wire is constructed to fit the shoulders, fastening under the arms, and to this the wings are attached. The effect is very brillant and graceful. Another pretty ancy is an archery fete. The childr carry small bows dressed with flowers and sheafs of arrows in flower-bedecked quiv-

Pleasing a Hostess.

First Tramp-" How did yer manage to get such a lot o' vittles from that sour old maid?" Second Tramp-"I tole her I used ter work in a lookin'-glass factory, and I'd clean her lookin'-glasses if she'd give me

a bite afterward." "Huh! You worked!" "No, I didn't. W'en she showed me the glasses, I told 'er they were so crooked they wasn't worth cleaning. She was mighty tickled to find that her lookin's glasses lied."-N. Y. Weekly.

Precautionary.

She shook him once-she shook him twice, Yet he was not forsaken; Third asking she accepted-'twas "Well shaken before taken." -Judge.

Subscribers, Attention!

our offer on page 5. Read every word of it.

State of Indiana, Marion County, ss: In the Superior Court of Marion County, the State of Indiana. No. 47,252. Complaint to quiet title.

Susan McKernan vs. Moses McClain et al.
Be it known. That on the lith day of Deember, 1894 the above named plaintiff, by
her attorneys, filed in the office of the
lerk of the Superior Court of Marion
county, in the State of Indiana, her comdaint against the above named defendants laint against the above named defendants nd the said plaintiff, having also filed in and Clerk's office the affidavit of a com-McClain and Caroline McClain, his Michael Toobey and — Toobey, his Goss & Phillips manufacturing com-Robert Growe and — Growe, his Frederick Yates and — Yates, his wife: Samuel Hoagland and - Hoagland, is wife; David Funkhouser and - Funkhouser, his wife; Charles Abel, and his wife; John Caplinger and — C his wife; Jeremiah McCiain and — Me-Clain, his wife; Mary E. McClain, Lucy Me-Clain, John Stewart and — Stewart, his wife; Otway Allen, Mary E. Allen, William L. Wheatley and — Wheatley, his wife, are not residents of the State of Indiana; that said action is to quiet title to real estate and that said defendants last above named are necessary parties thereto, and whereas said plaintiff, having by endorsement on said complaint required said defendants to appear in said Court and answer or demur thereto, on the 4th day of March, 1896.

Now, Therefore, By order of said Court, said defendants last above named are hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint against them, and that unless they appear and answer or demur thereto, at the calling of said cause on the 4th day of March, 1895, the same being the 1st tudicial day of a term of said Court, to be begun and held at the Court House in the City of Indianapolis, on the 1st Monday in March, 1895,

said complaint and the matters and things therein contained and alleged, will be heard and determined in their absence. JAMES W. FESLER, Clerk. Ayres & Jones, Attorneys for Plaintiff,

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS, THE STATE OF INDIANA, BLACKFORD COUNTY. In the Blackford circuit court, January

erm, 1895. Complaint No. 2,117. Job McEldowney vs. Henry Hess.
Now comes the plaintiff, by Fouts &
Waltz attorneys, and files his complaint
herein, together with an affidavit of D. H.
Fouts that said defendant is the owner of personal property in said county and state aforesaid and that the said property is suffering waist for the want of proper care, and that said defendant is not a resident of the state of Indiana; that said action is for the purpose of having an adminis-trator appointed and that said non-resi-

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant, last named, that unless he be and appear on the 19th day of the next term of the Blackford circuit court, to be holden on the fourth Monday of January A. D. 185, at the court house in Hartford City in said county and state, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence. Witness my name and the seal of said court, affixed at Hartford City this 12th day of December A. D. 1894.
D. C. CALDWELL, Clerk,

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

THE STATE OF INDIANA, BLACKFORD In the Blackford circuit court, January term, 1835.

Complaint No. 2,116. Job McEldowney vs. Leonard Hess.
Now comes the plaintiff, by Fouts &
Waitz attorneys, and files his complaint
herein, together with an affidavit of D. H.
Fouts that said defendant is the owner of
personal property in said county and state
aforesaid, and that said property is suffering waste for want of proper care. ing waste for want of proper care, and that said extendant is not a resident of the state of Indiana; that said action is for the purpose of having an administrator apnat is a neversally party thereto.

Nation is therefore hereby given said defendant, issi named, that unless he be and appear on the nineteenth day of the next term of the Blackford circuit court, to be basien on the fourth Menday of January A. D. 1215, at the court house in Hartford City in said county an estate, and answer or deman to said complaint, the same will be heart and determined in his absence.

on he band and the scal of said

day of December A D. 1894. D. C. CALDWELL, Clerk.